ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY & TO THE POINT

PAPER-I

SECTION A

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders.

- 1. Discuss:
 - a. Treatment of Acute Bronchiolities in a three month old baby.
 - b. Structure of umbilicus and its care in birth
- 2. Describe briefly:
 - a. Nocturnal enurnal enuresis in children.
 - b. Complications of diphtheria.
- 3. Write short notes on
 - a. Value of fundus examination of eye in pediatric practice.
 - b. Importance of growth charts in improving the health and nutrition of pre-school children.

SECTION B

General Paediatrics & Recent Advance in Paediatrics

- 1. Write briefly causes and management of short stature.
- 2. Write short notes on:
 - i. Use of newer vaccines
 - ii. Stages of Vitamin A deficiency
- 3. Briefly write management of:
 - i. Typhoid fever in children
 - ii. Acute gastroenteritis with sever dehydration in a child 6 months of age.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY & TO THE POINT

PAPER-I

SECTION A

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders.

- 1. Write briefly on:
 - a) Significance of breast feeding
 - b) Third heart sound
- 2. Discuss briefly:
 - a) A typical febrile seizures
 - b) Toxic Shock Syndrome
- 3. Salient features of :
 - a) Peripheral blood smear in Thallasemia Major
 - b) Xray findings in Rickets.
 - c) CSF findings in Tubercular meningities.

SECTION B

- 4. Write briefly on independent criteria's for assessment of Protein Energy malnutrition...
- 5. Discuss briefly:
 - a) Prevention of Vitamin A deficiency.
 - b) Reproductive Child Health Programme (RCH)
- 6. Briefly write short notes on:
 - a) Significance of growth charts
 - b) Persistence of moro's reflex.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY & TO THE POINT

PAPER-I

SECTION A

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders.

- 4. Discuss aetiopathogenesis and management of hyponatremic dehydration
- 5. Discuss briefly:
 - a) Foetal Circulation
 - b) Salient features of peripheral blood smear in Thalessemia major.
 - c) Temper tantrums
- 6. Write briefly on:
 - a) X ray findings in case of rickets
 - b) Clinical features & diagnosis of Pseudo Hypertrophic Muscular Dystrophy

SECTION B

- 7. How would you assess the age of a child 2 year of age.
- 8. Write short notes on:
 - a) Significance of mid arm circumference
 - b) HIB vaccination and its schedule
 - c) Management of a case with paroxysmal cough
- 9. Discuss briefly:
 - a) AFP surveillance
 - b) "Not enough breast milk"

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY & TO THE POINT

PAPER-I

SECTION A

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders.

Write briefly on:

- 7. Scoliosis
- 8. Umbilical Granuloma.
- 9. Significance of Bone Marrow Examination.
- 10. Hiatus Hernia
- 11. Bronchial Breathing

.

SECTION B

- 10. Erythema Toxicum.
- 11. Cyanotic Newborn.
- 12. School Phobia
- 13. Persistent Diarrhea.
- 14. Define Preterm, IUGR, IMR, Perinatal Period

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY & TO THE POINT

PAPER-I

SECTION A

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders.

- 12. Peripheral blood smear in Purpura
- 13. Late onset Jaundice in a newborn.
- 14. Diagnosis of Intususseption.
- 15. Breadth Holding attacks

.

SECTION B

- 15. Write briefly on Resistant Malaria.
- 16. Development milestones in first year of life.
- 17. Complications of Mumps.
- 18. Conjugate of Vaccines.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY & TO THE POINT

PAPER-I

SECTION A

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders.

- 16. Daily requirement of Iron and mechanism of utilization in deficiency states.
- 17. Subdural Effusion.
- 18. Persistant Moro's reflex
- 19. Nocturnal Enuresis
- 20. Significance of Fundus Examination.

SECTION B

- 19. Breath Holding Attacks
- 20. Sexual maturity scoring in males and females.
- 21. Short note on Vitamin K.
- 22. Assessment of Malnutrition.
- 23. Hib Vaccine schedule.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS BRIEFLY & TO THE POINT

PAPER-I

SECTION A

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders.

- 21. Write briefly on : a) Significance of breast feeding
 - b) Third Heart Sound
- 22. Describe briefly: a) A typical febrile seizures
 - b) Toxic Shock Syndrome
- 23. Salient features of : a) Peripheral blood smear in Thalassemia Major.
 - b) Xray findings in Rickets
 - c) CSF findings in Tubercular meningitis

.

SECTION B

- 24. Write briefly on independent criteria's for assessment of Protein Energy
- 25. Discuss briefly:- a) Prevention of Vitamin A deficiency
 - b) Autistic Child
- 26. Briefly write short notes on:
 - a) Significance of Growth charts
 - b) Persistence of moro's reflex

Dr C. S DAWN'S INDIAN COLLEGE OF MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH (ICMCH)

Dip CH FINAL Examination - 2010

(Note: Use separate answer sheets for section A&B)

Venue: Paed. Lecture Hall LMH, Nagpur ALL QUESTIONS ARE COMPULSORY.

Date: 15.7.2010
Time: Three Hours
Total Marks _100

PAPER I Section A

(Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological disorders)

01: Enumerate different types of trachea-esophageal anomalies. Discuss the medical management of a baby with esophageal atresia. (20 Marks)

Q2: Write briefly about normal CSF and write about the CSF picture in Bacterial, Viral and aseptic meningitis. (15 Marks)

0.3: Write short notes on: (Any Three)

(15 Marks)

- a. Erythema toxicum
- b. Stammering
- c. Mantoux test
- d. Imperforate anus

Section B

(Growth& Development, Nutrition& Social Paediatrics)

Q1: A 2 year old male is brought with complaints of inability to walk. Give the differential diagnosis and management of anyone cause. (20 Marks)

Q2: Write briefly on (Any three)

(15 Marks)

- a. Etiology and management of croup.
- b. Acute cerebellar ataxia
- c. Management of HIV exposed neonates
- d. Vitamin C

03. Write short notes on: (Any Three)

(15 Marks)

- a. ORS
- b. AFP surveillance
- c. Primary complex
- d. Growth charts

Dr. C.S.Dawn

Indian College of Maternal & Child Health (ICMCH)

Dip.C.H. Final Examination - July 2011. Centre - Agra

Date: 26-07-2011 Time: 3 Hours
(All questions are compulsory) Total Marks: 100

(Note: Use separate Answer sheets for Section A and B)

PAPER - I

Section - A

(Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Pathology & Psychological Disorders)

Discuss fetal circulation and changes at birth. (20)
 Discuss metabolism of bilirubin in the newborn. Enumerate the causes of direct

2. Discuss metabolism of bilirubin in the newborn. Enumerate the causes of direct hyperbilirubinemia. (15)

3. Write short notes on any THREE: - (15)

- a) Significance of peripheral blood smear examination.
- b) Complications of Oxygen therapy.
- c) Breadth Holding Attacks.
- d) Discuss presenting signs & symptoms of common congenital anomalies at birth.

Section - B

(Growth & Development, Nutrition & Social Pediatrics)

1. Discuss age independent Anthropometry. (20)

2. Write short notes on any THREE: - (15)

- a) Eye signs of Vitamin A deficiency.
- b) Newer Vaccines.
- c) Advantages of breast feeding.
- d) Iron requirements during childhood & its common sources.
- 3. Write short notes on any THREE: (15)
 - a) Common health problems in adolescent.
 - b) Acute flaccid paralysis.
 - c) Zinc deficiency.
 - d) Pseudotumor cerebri.

FINAL EXAMINATION 2014 DIPLOMA IN CHILD HEALTH

Under NARCHI – KSOU Programme

Paper I

Date: 22-08-2014

Time: 3 hrs

Marks: 80 Day 1 Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed. Q1 Describe foetal circulation and discuss its importance. 15 $\mathbf{Q2}$ Describe physiology of thyroid hormone and its importance in normal 15 growth & development. Q3 Write short notes on any two: 5x2 = 10Pulmonary function tests CSF examination Respiratory sounds Write about Universal Immunisation Schedule. **Q4** 15 **Q5** Discuss mode of inheritance of Down Syndrome [Trisomy 21] 15 **Q6** Write short notes on any two: 5x2 = 10Liver function tests a C Reactive Protein b Proteinuria

FINAL EXAMINATION 2015 DIPLOMA IN CHILD HEALTH

Under NARCHI – KSOU Programme Paper – I

Date: 27-08-2015
Time: 3 hrs
Marks: 80
Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question).

		rite the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). As in the same order as serially printed. Section A	Answer
Q1		Write short answers (4 Marks each)	40
	a.	Cephalosporins	
	b.	P wave in ECG	
	c.	Vitamin B12	
	d.	ORS Solution	
	e.	Human Immunodeficiency virus	
	f.	Chicken pox vaccination	
	g.	X linked recessive Inheritance	
	h.	Consent form for investigation	
	i.	Discuss the vaccination schedule in children with special conditions	
	j.	Liver Function Tests	
		Section B	
Q1		Give differential diagnosis of fever with rash in a three year old. Give clinical features of measles.	20
Q2		Describe physiology of lactation. Enumerate the advantages of exclusive breast feeding to baby & mother.	20

PRE-FINAL EXAMINATION 2017 DIPLOMA IN CHILD HEALTH

NARCHI - KSOU Programme

Paper I

Date 07-01-2017 Time: 2 ½ hrs Marks: 80

Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

- Q1. Write aetiology, clinical features, management, of Vit. D deficiency Rickets in children. **20 Marks**
- Q2. What is Nephrotic Syndrome? Write clinical features & management of minimal lesion Nephrotic Syndrome. **20 Marks**
- Q3. Write briefly on:
 - a) Brest Feeding

10 Marks

b) Jaundice in New born

10 Marks

Q4. Write short Notes on : (Any four)

20 Marks

- a) Neonatal Hypoglycemia
- b) Temper Tantrums
- c) Autism
- d) C.S.F. Circulation
- e) Neonatal convulsions

FINAL EXAMINATION 2017 DIPLOMATE OF CHILD HEALTH

NARCHI - ICMCH Paper I

Date 16-09-2017 Time: 2 hrs Marks: 80

Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

- Q1. Briefly describe the clinical feature, diagnosis and **5+5+5+5** management, complications and prevention of measles.
- Q2. Write down the common causes of congestive cardiac 6+6+8 failure in different paediatric age group. Briefly describe the pathophysiology and management of childhood cardiac failure.

Q3. Write briefly on

Clinical feature, diagnosis and management of Dengue 10 fever

Down Syndrome 10

Q4. Short note: (Any four)

5x4

Childhood Autism

Management of babies with meconium stained amniotic fluid

Diagnosis and management of Nutritional Rickets

Kwashiorkor

Rotaviral vaccine

Dyslexia

FINAL EXAMINATION 2018 DIPLOMATE OF CHILD HEALTH

NARCHI - ICMCH Paper I

Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$ hrs

Marks: 100 Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed. Describe CSF circulation & discuss its importance in Q1. **15** Congenital Hydrocephalus. Q2. **15** What is Nephrotic Syndrome? Discuss its clinical features & management Q3. Write short notes on (any two) 10+10 a) Kwashiorkor b) Systolic murmurs in children c) Dengue **15** Q4. What is National Immunization Programme? Enumerate additional vaccines to give to children upto 5 yrs of age

- Q5. Give differential diagnosis of Jaundice (icterus) present in 6 days old New born child.
- Q6. Write briefly on: (Any two) 10+10
 - a) Breath Holding spells
 - b) Liver Function Tests
 - c) Wheezing child

Date 18-08-2018

FINAL EXAMINATION 2019 DIPLOMATE OF CHILD HEALTH

NARCHI - ICMCH Paper I

Date 07-09-2019

Time: 2 ½ hrs
Marks: 80

Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

	•		
Q1.	A 10 years old boy presented with fever along with hepatosplenomegaly. How to approach such a case?	15	
Q2.	a) Define obesity in children.b) Enlist the comorbidities associated with obesity.c) Write down the investigations in case of a 12 years old girl presented with obesity.	2 6 7	
Q3.	A 5 years old boy presented with fever for 5 days with recurrent seizures and altered sensorium.a) What are the differential diagnoses?b) What investigations you are going to order?c) How to treat such a case?	5 5 5	
Q4.	a) What are the common organisms causing community acquired pneumonia?b) Enlist the complications in community acquired pneumonia.c) How to manage a case of community acquired pneumonia.	4 5 6	
Q5.	Write briefly on:		
	 d) CPAP therapy in newborns e) Management of hyperkalemia f) Long term complications seen in quadriplegic cerebral palsy g) Causes of neonatal cholestasis 		

FINAL EXAMINATION 2020 DIPLOMATE OF CHILD HEALTH

NARCHI-ICMCH Paper I

Time: 2 ½ hrs Marks: 80

Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

Q1.	A 6 years old boy presented with fever haematuria along with puffiness of face & oedema feet & hypertension. Discuss clinical course & management.		
Q2.	What is Protein Energy Malnutrition? Discuss difference between Marasmus & Kwashiorkor.	12 Marks	
Q3.	Write Short Notes on (Any two) d) C.C.F (Congestive cardiac failure) e) Dyslexia f) COVID – 19, Pandemic	8+8 Marks	
Q4.	Briefly describe clinical features, diagnosis, management & complications of Chicken Pox in children.	12 Marks	
Q 5.	Q 5. What is Growth Retardation? Discuss causes of growth retardation in children.		
Q 6.	Write Briefly on (Any two). a) Nocturnal Enuresis	8+8 Marks	
	b) Neonatal Jaundice		
	c) Liver Biopsy in Children		

NARCHI-ICMCH

FINAL EXAMINATION 2021 DIPLOMATE OF CHILD HEALTH Paper I

Time: 2 ½ hrs

10-04-2021 Marks: 80

Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

Pneumococcal diseases in children			
 Acute encephalitis syndrome in children- definition, etiology, management. 			
Differences between Nephritis and Nephrotic syndrome	12		
 Approach to a child with pallor and hepatosplenomegaly 			
Management of congestive cardiac failure in a child of 2 years	12		
Short notes on: (4 x 5) a) Habitual constipation in children b) Polio eradication c) "Paediatric Inflammatory Multisystem Syndrome-temporally	20		
associated with SARS-CoV-2" d) Malignancy preventing vaccines in paediatrics.			
	Acute encephalitis syndrome in children- definition, etiology, management. Differences between Nephritis and Nephrotic syndrome Approach to a child with pallor and hepatosplenomegaly Management of congestive cardiac failure in a child of 2 years Short notes on: (4 x 5) a) Habitual constipation in children b) Polio eradication c) "Paediatric Inflammatory Multisystem Syndrome-temporally associated with SARS-CoV-2"		

NARCHI-ICMCH

FINAL EXAMINATION 2021 DIPLOMATE OF CHILD HEALTH

Paper I Time: 2 ½ hrs

Plea	Marks : 8 se write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the wer questions in the same order as serially printed.	
Q1.	1 yr old male infant presented with history of fever, irritability and crying during micturition. He had an episode of urinary tract infection 3 months back. Discuss the management.	12
Q2.	How to define childhood obesity? What is metabolic syndrome?	6+6
Q3.	Write short notes (any two)	8+8
	a) Drugs used in congestive cardiac failure	
	b) Breath holding spell	
	c) Complications of bronchiolitis	
Q 4.	Discuss the clinical features, diagnosis, management and complications of scrub typhus.	4x3
Q 5.	Discuss briefly the types, causes and management of short stature	4x3
Q 6.	Short notes on : (any two)	8+8
	e) Sickle cell anemia	
	f) Neural tube defects	
	g) Intussusception.	

NARCHI-ICMCH

FINAL EXAMINATION 2022 DIPLOMATE OF CHILD HEALTH Paper I

Time : 2 ½ hrs

19-08-2022 Marks: 80

Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question). Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.			
Q1.	A 5yr old child presented with fever, cough, tachypnea, and right sided chest pain. Discuss the management.		
Q2.	Define SAM.	4x3	
	What is appetite test?		
	What is RUTF?		
Q3.	Short notes on any two	8x2	
	a) Treatment of Post streptococcal glomerulonephritis		
	b) Delayed speech		
	c) MISC		
Q 4.	Briefly describe the Clinical features, complications and prevention of Measles	6x2	
Q 5.	Define short stature.	3+9	
	What are the causes of short stature in children?		
Q 6.	Short notes on any two :	8 x2	
	a. Lumbar puncture		
	b. Respiratory distress syndrome		

c. Night terror