

DFW Final Examination - 2007

Batch – A-07

Paper I

obstetrics and Neonatology

Time: 2 hrs

All questions are of equal value

Marks 100

Question 1

- a. What **are** the different types of Pelvis ?
- h. What is the boundary of the **in let** of the pelvis ?
- c. **Describe** intro—posterior, oblique, and transverse diameter of brim of pelvis and give their measurements.
- d. What is the plane of greatest pelvic dimension and give its measurements ?

4+4+9+8

Question 2

- a. Give details of Dawn Rule of Ten.
- b. How does it help in Antenatal Care ?
- c. What are the Standard Drugs prescribed during normal antenatal period?

15+5+5

Question 3

- a. What are the causes of APH?
- b. How do you manage a patient with a bleeding PV at 32 weeks of gestation ?

5+20

Question 4

- a. How do you diagnose a case of incomplete abortion'?
- b manage such a case.
- c. What are the complications of Dilation and Evacuation'?

15+5+5

DFW Final Examination - 2007

Batch - B/07

Paper I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time: 2 hrs

All Questions are of equal value

Marks 100

Answer all Questions

Question 1

- What are the different types of pelvis?
- What is the boundary of the inlet of the pelvis?
- Describe the antero posterior diameter of the brim. obstetric conjugate and diagonal conjugate. Give their measurements.
- What is moulding?
- What is Caput Succedaneum?

4+4+9+4+4

Question 2

- Define normal labour.
- Describe the mechanism of normal labour in left occipito anterior position.
- What are the causes of internal rotation?

5+16+4

Question 3

- What is the standard practice of immunization schedule in antenatal period?
- What standard drugs should be used during pregnancy?
- What drugs are to be avoided during pregnancy?
- What drugs are contraindicated in pregnancy?
- If a woman plans a pregnancy, what are the ideal conditions she must fulfill?
- Which drugs are of doubtful benefit during pregnancy?

5+10+2+3+2+3

Question 4

- What is Hydatidiform Mole?
- Give the macroscopic and microscopic picture of a H. Mole
- What investigations are done to diagnose a case of H. Mole?
- What is its treatment?

4+6+6+9

DFW Final Examination, 2007

BATCH C/07

Paper -I

Obstetrics & Neonatology

Time —2 hrs. All questions are of Equal value Marks -100

1.
 - a) What is Obstetric outlet and give its boundary?
 - b) Describe the Antero -Posterior, Transverse and Posterior Sagittal diameter of the outlet and give their measurements.
 - c) What is the other name of Obstetric outlet?
 - d) What is waste space of Morris?
 - e) What is the clinical importance of waste space of Morris?

5+12+1+3+4 =25

2. Describe the cardiovascular changes in Pregnancy. 25

3.
 - a) Give your current practice of providing antenatal care.
 - b) Enumerate the standard laboratory test done.
 - c) What are the Clinical importances of abnormal test results?

10+5+10 =25

4.
 - a) What is Bishop Score?
 - b) How it is done?
 - c) What is its clinical importance?
 - d) Describe the procedure of Pre induction Cervical ripening?

2+8+5+10 =25

DFW Final Examination 2007
Batch – D/07
Paper I
Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time: 2 hrs All questions are of equal value
Answer all questions

Marks 100

Question 1

Define

- a. Foetal attitude.
- b. Lie of Foetus
- c. Presentation including types.
- d. Name different denominators.
- e. Different positions of the presenting part.

$3+5+5+3+9=25$

Question 2

- a. Describe Dawn Rule of Ten (antenatal care)
- b. Write down a food chart for a pregnant woman.

$15 + 10 = 25$

Question 3

- a. How do you diagnose a case of inevitable abortion?
- b. how do you treat such a case for—
 - i. Pregnancy upto 12 weeks?
 - ii. Pregnancy after 12 weeks?
- c. What are different grades of septic abortion with clinical features in a nutshell?

$6 + 12 + 7 = 25$

Question 4

- a. Define abruptio placentae.
- b. What is its probable etiology?
- c. What are the clinical types?
- d. What are the clinical features of abruptio placentae'?

$3+6+3+13=25$

DRCH & DFW Final Examination - 2008

Paper – I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time : 2 hrs.

Maximum Marks : 100

Question 1

- a. What are the aims and objectives of antenatal care & routine and specific investigations done during ANC 15
- b. Give the Details of Dawn Rule of 10. (Antenatal care) 10

Question 2

- a. What are various diameters and parts of female Pelvis. 8
- b. In foetal skull what are various engaging diameter. 8
- c. Mechanism of normal labour 9

Question 3

- a. How will you manage 3rd stage of Labour. 10
- b. What are various types of PPH. 8
- c. Write in brief indication steps and complication of episiotomy. 7

Question 4

Write Short Notes on

- a. Vaccination Schedule of New Born 8
- b. Asphyxia Neonatorum 8
- c. Prematurity 9

DFW/DRCH FINAL EXAMINATION– 2009
Paper I
Obstetrics and Neonatology
(CB – LKO)

Time : 2 hrs
Marks : 100

- Q1**
- a Importance of “DAWN RULE OF TEN” in Antenatal Care? 8
 - b Enumerate the antenatal investigation (Antenatal Profile) 9
 - c What are the high risk factors in pregnancy ? 8
- Q2** **Write in brief**
- a Causes of PPH 8
 - b Management of PPH 8
 - c Management of eclampsia 9
- Q3**
- a Define normal labour? What are various stages and duration of labour 13
 - b What is prolong labour? What are the causes of prolong labour? 12
- Q4** **Write Short notes:**
- a Neonatal mortality? 6
 - b Maternal mortality? 6
 - c Breast feeding? 6
 - d Asphyxia Neonatorium? 7

DFW FINAL EXAMINATION 2010

Paper I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Centres : Kolkata & Lucknow

Date : 30-05-2010

Time : 2 hrs

Marks : 100

Please write the question nos and allotted marks. Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

- Q1**
- a Enumerate causes of bleeding in 1st trimester of Pregnancy. 4
 - b Discuss clinical features and investigations of vesicular mole. 6
 - c How do you manage a case of Ectopic Pregnancy (Medical & Surgical). 15
- Q2**
- a Lower segment of uterus. 5
 - b Indication of Caesarean Section. 5
 - c Steps of Lower Segment Caesarean Section. 15
- Q3**
- a Mechanism of Normal Labour 10
 - b Dawn Rule of Ten Antenatal Care 10
 - c Role of Partography in Management of Labour. 5
- Q4** Write short note (any five) : 5 X 5
- a Resuscitation of Newborn
 - b Triple Test
 - c Bandle's Ring
 - d Maternal Mortality
 - E PPTCT
 - g Mag Sulph Regime in Eclampsia (in short)

DFW SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2010

Paper I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time : 2 hrs

Marks : 100

**Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question).
Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.**

- Q1**
- a Describe the mechanism of Normal Labour 12
 - b How do you diagnose onset of Labour 5
 - c How do you distinguish between TRUE and FALSE labour 8
- Q2**
- a Define Puerperal Sepsis 3
 - b What are the clinical features of Puerperal Sepsis (Symptoms, signs) 10
 - c What laboratory tests are done in a case of Puerperal Sepsis? 4
 - d How do you treat a case of Puerperal sepsis? 8
- Q3**
- a Define Eclampsia 2
 - b What are the different types according to time of onset 3
 - c Describe the clinical features of Eclampsia. 5
 - d Describe the Mag Sulph Regime & obstetrics Management of Eclampsia. 15
- Q4 Write short note**
- a Bishop Score 7
 - b Apgar Score 5
 - c Lovset Manouvre 6
 - d External Cephatni version 7

DFW FINAL EXAMINATION 2011

Paper I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Time : 2 hrs

Marks : 100

Please write the question nos and allotted marks. Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

- Q1**
- a What is liquor amnii 2
 - b Describe the physical characteristics and volumes at different weeks of gestation. 5
 - c What is its composition 5
 - d What is its origin 2
 - e Function of liquor amnii 5
 - f Clinical importance of liquor amnii study. 6
- Q2**
- a Define intra-uterine foetal death 1
 - b Causes of I.U.F.D. 5
 - c Clinical features of I.U.F.D. 5
 - d Complications of I.U.F.D. 4
 - e How do you manage such a case. 10
- Q3**
- a What is the standard practice of immunization schedule in antenatal period 5
 - b What standard drugs should be used during pregnancy? 10
 - c What drugs are to be avoided during pregnancy?. 2
 - d What drugs are contraindicated in pregnancy? 3
 - e If a woman plans a pregnancy, what are the ideal condition she must fulfill 2
 - f What drugs are of doubtful benefit during pregnancy? 3
- Q4**
- a Define normal labour 4
 - b Describe the mechanism of labour in right occipito posterior position. 17
 - c What are the causes of internal rotation? 4

DFW SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2011

Paper I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Centres : Kolkata, Lucknow

Date : 24-09-2011

Time : 2 hrs

Marks : 100

**Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question).
Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.**

- Q1**
- a Give details of Dawn Rule of antenatal care. 15
 - b How does it help in Antenatal Care. 5
 - c What are the standard drugs prescribed during normal antenatal period. 5
- Q2**
- a What is Bishop Score? 5
 - b What are the implications of this score? 2
 - c What are the procedure for ripening the unripe cervix 10
 - d What is the difference between induction and augmentation? 2
 - e How do you augment labour? 6
- Q3**
- a What are the signs of separation of Placenta? 5
 - b What is active management of 3rd stage of labour? 3
 - c What is 'Retained Placenta'? 2
 - d What are the causes of retained placenta? 3
 - e How do you manage a case of Retained placenta (complicated & uncomplicated) 12
- Q4**
- a Define Missed Abortion 2
 - b What is the pathology of carneous mole? 3
 - c Clinical features and diagnosis of Missed Abortion. 5
 - d What is the differential diagnosis? 2
 - e What are the complications 3
 - f How do you treat a case of Missed Abortion 10

DFW FINAL EXAMINATION 2012

Paper I

Obstetrics and Neonatology

Date : 27-05-2012

Time : 2 hrs Marks : 100

Please write the question nos and allotted marks. Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.

- Q1**
- a Enumerate causes of bleeding in 1st trimester of Pregnancy. 4
 - b What are the clinical features of missed abortion? 4
 - c How do you confirm the diagnosis of missed abortion? 3
 - d Treatment of missed abortion –
 - i) Within 12 weeks 5
 - ii) Mid pregnancy 9
- Q2**
- a Define Normal Labour. 2
 - b Clinical features of Normal Labour –
 - i) symptoms 4
 - ii) signs (abdominal & vaginal) 4+5
 - c Signs of separation of Placenta 5
 - d Active Management of third stage of Labour 5
- Q3**
- a Define APH 2
 - b Causes of APH 3
 - c Clinical features & investigations for Placenta Praevia 10
 - d What are the salient differential points between Placenta Praevia & Abruptio Placentae 10
- Q4** Write short notes : 5 X 5
- a Bishop's score
 - b Apgar Score
 - c Causes of IUGR
 - d Vaccination schedule of a New born
 - e Maternal mortality in India (MMR)

DR C S DAWN ICMCH
DFW SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION 2012
Paper I - Obstetrics and Neonatology

Date : 01-09-2012

Time : 2 hrs

Marks : 100

**Please write the question nos and allotted marks (do not write the question).
Answer questions in the same order as serially printed.**

- | | | | |
|-----------|---|--|----|
| Q1 | a | What is the importance of Dawn Rule of Ten in Antenatal Care. | 8 |
| | b | Enumerate the Antenatal Investigations (Antenatal Project) | 9 |
| | c | What are the high risk factors in pregnancy | 8 |
| Q2 | a | Discribe the mechanism of Normal Labour | 12 |
| | b | How do you diagnose onset of Labour | 5 |
| | c | How do you distinguish between true and false Labour | 8 |
| Q3 | a | What is the standard practice of immunization schedule in antenatal period | 5 |
| | b | What standard drugs should be used during pregnancy | 10 |
| | c | What drugs are to be avoided during pregnancy | 2 |
| | d | What drugs are contraindicated in Pregnancy | 3 |
| | e | If a woman plans pregnancy what are the ideal condition she must fulfill | 2 |
| | f | What drugs are of doubtful benefit during pregnancy | 3 |
| Q4 | a | Define intrauterine foetal death | 1 |
| | b | Causes of IUFD | 5 |
| | c | Clinical Features of IUFD | 5 |
| | d | Complications of IUFD | 4 |
| | e | How do you manage such a case | 10 |